

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## REGULAR ROUNDUP® READY TO USE WEEDKILLER

Infosafe No.: LQ1E8  
ISSUED Date : 24/09/2020  
ISSUED by: Evergreen Garden Care  
Australia Pty. Ltd.

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Product Identifier**

REGULAR ROUNDUP® READY TO USE WEEDKILLER

**Company Name**

Evergreen Garden Care Australia Pty. Ltd.

**Address**

Building E, Level 2  
24-32 Lexington Drive, Bella Vista  
NSW AUSTRALIA

**Telephone/Fax Number**

Tel: (02) 8602 9000  
Fax: (02) 8602 9001

**Emergency phone number**

1800 033 111

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Herbicide

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

**GHS classification of the substance/mixture**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard: Category 3

**Signal Word (s)**

WARNING

**Hazard Statement (s)**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

**Pictogram (s)**

Exclamation mark

**Precautionary statement – Prevention**

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Precautionary statement – Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Precautionary statement – Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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#### Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Pelargonic and related fatty acids	112-05-0	1-<2.5 %
Isopropylamine salt of glyphosate	38641-94-0	1-<2.5 %
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous, including water.		Balance

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

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#### Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing, wristwatch, jewellery. Wash clothes and clean shoes before re-use. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

#### Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. Seek medical attention.

#### First Aid Facilities

Eye wash fountain, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

#### Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically. This product is not an inhibitor of cholinesterase.

Antidote: Treatment with atropine and oximes is not indicated.

#### Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 POISON / 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water mist or water spray.

#### Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including carbon monoxide, phosphorus oxides, nitrogen oxides and carbon dioxide.

#### Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical

This product is non-combustible. However, following evaporation of aqueous component under fire conditions, the non-aqueous component may decompose and/or burn. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits.

### **Precautions in connection with Fire**

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

### **Other Information**

Minimise use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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### **Emergency Procedures**

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Small spills: flush spill area with water.

Large spills: absorb in earth, sand or absorbent material. Dig up heavily contaminated soil.

## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. Washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities. Protect from freezing.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. Protect from freezing. Partial crystallization may occur on prolonged storage below the minimum storage temperature. If frozen, place in warm room and shake frequently to put back into solution.

### **Storage Temperatures**

Minimum storage temperature: 5°C

Maximum storage temperature: 50°C

### **Recommended Materials**

Stainless steel, glass lining, fibreglass, aluminium, plastic. Keep only in the original container.

## **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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### **Occupational exposure limit values**

No exposure value assigned for this material by Safe Work, Australia.

### **Biological Limit Values**

No biological limits allocated.

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

### **Eye Protection**

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 (series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

### Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

### Body Protection

Suitable protective work wear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Liquid	Appearance	Hazy liquid
Colour	Not available	Odour	Musky
Melting Point	Not applicable	Boiling Point	Not available
Solubility in Water	Completely miscible	Specific Gravity	1.021 at 20°C/4°C
pH	7.4	Vapour Pressure	No significant volatility, aqueous solution
Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not applicable	Evaporation Rate	Not available
Odour Threshold	Not available	Viscosity	Not available
Density	1.021g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20°C)	Flash Point	Does not flash
Flammability	Non-combustible liquid	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available	Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available
Explosion Properties	No explosive properties	Kinematic Viscosity	6.03cSt@20°C, 2.89cSt@40°C
Dynamic Viscosity	Not available		

### Other Information

log Pow: <-3.2 @ 25 °C (glyphosate)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Reacts with galvanised steel or unlined mild steel to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable gas that could explode.

### Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

### Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

### Incompatible materials

Galvanised steel, unlined mild steel. Compatible materials for storage: see section 7.2

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with galvanised steel or unlined mild steel to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable gas that could explode.

### Hazardous Polymerization

Not available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Toxicology Information

Toxicity data for material given below.

Similar formulation

#### Acute Toxicity - Oral

LD50 (rat): >5000mg/kg body weight

No mortality.

#### Acute Toxicity - Inhalation

LC50 (rat, aerosol): No mortality.

No 4-hr LC50 at the maximum tested concentration

#### Acute Toxicity - Dermal

LD50 (rat): >5000mg/kg body weight

No mortality.

#### Ingestion

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

#### Inhalation

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

#### Skin

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

#### Skin irritation

Rabbit, 3 animals, OECD 404 test:

Redness, individual EU scores: 0.67; 0.33; 0.33

Swelling, individual EU scores: 0.00; 0.00; 0.00

Days to heal: 3

Slightly irritating to skin but not sufficient for classification.

#### Eye

Causes serious eye irritation. On eye contact this product will cause tearing, stinging, blurred vision, and redness.

Rabbit, 3 animals, OECD 405 test:

Conjunctival redness, individual EU scores: 2.00; 2.00; 2.00

Conjunctival swelling, individual EU scores: 1.67; 1.00; 1.00

Corneal opacity, individual EU scores: 1.67; 0.00; 1.67

Iris lesions, individual EU scores: 0.67; 0.00; 0.00

Days to heal: 10

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

#### Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Guinea pig, 3-induction Buehler test:

Positive incidence: 0%

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

#### Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

#### STOT-single exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic Effects**

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting leading to dermatitis.

**Other Information**

N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine;{glyphosate acid)

Genotoxicity

Not genotoxic

Carcinogenicity

Not carcinogenic in rats or mice.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

Developmental effects in rats and rabbits only in the presence of significant maternal toxicity.

Reproductive effects in rats only in the presence of significant maternal toxicity.

Pelargonic and related fatty acids

Genotoxicity

Not genotoxic on the basis of weight of evidence analysis

Carcinogenicity

Not carcinogenic to laboratory animals after dermal administration

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

Not developmentally toxic to laboratory animals.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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**Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life.

**Persistence and degradability**

Not available

**Mobility**

Not available

**Bioaccumulative Potential**

Not available

**Other Adverse Effects**

Not available

**Environmental Protection**

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

**Acute Toxicity - Fish**

LC50 (Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)): 98mg/l/96h

**Acute Toxicity - Daphnia**

EC50 (Water flea (*Daphnia magna*), static): 115mg/l/48h

**Acute Toxicity - Algae**

ErC50 (Green algae (*seudokirchneriella subcapitata*)), growth rate, static):>60mg/l/72h

EC50 (Duckweed (*Lemna gibba*), front number, static): 152mg/l/7days

NOEC (Duckweed (*Lemna gibba*), static): 20mg/l/7days

**Other Information**

Arthropod toxicity

Honey bee (*Apis mellifera*):

LD50(oral):>7841µg/bee/48h

Honey bee (*Apis mellifera*):

LD50(Contact): >1078µg/bee/48h

Soil organism toxicity, invertebrates

Earth worm (*Eisenia foetida*):

Acute toxicity, 14 days, LC50:>10000mg/kg dry soil

Soil organism toxicity, microorganisms

Nitrogen and carbon transformation test:

388 L/ha, 28days, Less than 25% effect on nitrogen or carbon transformation processes in soil

N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine; {glyphosate acid}

Avian toxicity

Bobwhite quail (*colinus virginianus*):

Dietary toxicity, 5 days, LC50:>4640mg/kg diet

Mallard duck (*Anas platyrhynchos*):

Dietary toxicity, 5days, LC50:>4640mg/kg diet

Bobwhite quail (*Colinus virginianus*):

Acute oral toxicity, single dose, LD50:>3851mg/kg body weight

Bioaccumulation

Bluegill sunfish (*Lepomis macrochirus*)

Whole fish: BCF:<1

No significant bioaccumulation is expected.

Dissipation

Soil, field:

Half life: 2-174days; Koc: 884-60000 L/kg; Adsorbs strongly to soil

Water aerobic:

Half life: <7 days

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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#### Disposal considerations

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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#### Transport Information

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

#### U.N. Number

None Allocated

#### UN proper shipping name

None Allocated

#### Transport hazard class(es)

None Allocated

**IMDG Marine pollutant**

No

**Transport in Bulk**

Not available

**Special Precautions for User**

Not available

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**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**Regulatory information**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Poisons Schedule**

S5

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Date of preparation or last revision of SDS**

SDS Reviewed: September 2020 Supersedes: October 2015

**References**

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work.

**END OF SDS**

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